## Chapter 16 Section 5: The Tide of War Turns (p. 536)

Directions: Complete the following worksheet during and after reading the section in the textbook. To complete this worksheet outside of class visit the textbook website at www.waverlyhistory8.weebly.com

Big Idea: Union victories in 1863, 1864, and 1865 ended the Civil War.
Key Terms and People: Battle of Gettysburg, George Pickett, Pickett's Charge, Gettysburg Address, Wilderness Campaign, William Tecumseh Sherman, total war, Appomattox Courthouse

## Taking Notes:

As you read use the graphic organizer below to recall the events that led to the end of the Civil War

| July 1-3, 1863 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| May-June, 1864 |  |
| September 2, 1864 |  |
| December 10, 1864 |  |
| April 2, 1865 |  |
| April 9,1865 |  |

## Map: Final Campaigns (p. 541)

1. Movement - About how long was Sherman's March to the Sea from Atlanta to Savannah?
2. Movement - What challenges do you think Sherman faced on his southern attacks?

## Assessment Questions

## Reviewing Ideas, Terms, and People

1. a. Identify What Confederate general died from his wounds at Chancellorsville?
2. b. Draw Conclusions Why was the Union army defeated at Chancellorsville?
3. a. Identify What was the Gettysburg Address?
4. b. Analyze Why was geography important to the outcome of the Battle of Gettysburg?
5. a. Recall What was the purpose of the Wilderness Campaign?
6. b. Draw Conclusions In what way was the capture of Atlanta an important victory for President Lincoln?
7. a. Identify What events led to Lee's surrender at Appomattox Courthouse?
8. b. Summarize What problems did the South face at the end of the war?
9. Supporting a Point of View Review your notes on the end of the Civil War. Then fill in the graphic organizer to show the three events in this section that you think contributed most to the end of the Civil War and explain why.

- Event 1:
- Event 2:
- Event 3:

